Unity Project

Test Plan Document

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[1 Introduction 4](#_Toc414903450)

[1.1 Testing Overview 4](#_Toc414903451)

[1.2 Test Flow 4](#_Toc414903452)

[1.3 Glossary 4](#_Toc414903453)

[2 Compatibility Testing 5](#_Toc414903454)

[2.1 Test Approach 5](#_Toc414903455)

[2.2 Items to be Tested 5](#_Toc414903456)

[2.3 Test Risks/Issues 5](#_Toc414903457)

[2.4 Test Environmental Needs 5](#_Toc414903458)

[2.5 Test Pass/Fail Criteria 5](#_Toc414903459)

[2.6 Test Entry/Exit Criteria 5](#_Toc414903460)

[2.7 Test Suspension/Resumption Criteria 6](#_Toc414903461)

[2.8 Test Cases 6](#_Toc414903462)

[3 Functional Testing 7](#_Toc414903463)

[3.1 Test Approach 8](#_Toc414903464)

[3.2 Items to be Tested 8](#_Toc414903465)

[3.3 Test Risks/Issues 12](#_Toc414903466)

[3.4 Test Pass/Fail Criteria 12](#_Toc414903467)

[3.5 Test Entry/Exit Criteria 12](#_Toc414903468)

[3.6 Test Suspension/Resumption Criteria 13](#_Toc414903469)

[3.7 Test Cases 13](#_Toc414903470)

[4 Integration Testing 13](#_Toc414903471)

[4.1 Test Approach 13](#_Toc414903472)

[4.2 Test Runner Functionality 13](#_Toc414903473)

[4.3 Test Risks/Issues 13](#_Toc414903474)

[4.4 Test Pass/Fail Criteria 13](#_Toc414903475)

[4.5 Test Entry/Exit Criteria 13](#_Toc414903476)

[4.6 Test Deliverables 13](#_Toc414903477)

[4.7 Test Suspension/Resumption Criteria 13](#_Toc414903478)

[5 Performance Testing 13](#_Toc414903479)

[5.1 Test Approach 13](#_Toc414903480)

[5.2 Items to be Tested 13](#_Toc414903481)

[5.3 Test Risks/Issues 14](#_Toc414903482)

[5.4 Test Environmental Needs 14](#_Toc414903483)

[5.5 Test Pass/Fail Criteria 14](#_Toc414903484)

[5.6 Test Entry/Exit Criteria 15](#_Toc414903485)

[5.7 Test Suspension/Resumption Criteria 15](#_Toc414903486)

[5.8 Test Cases 15](#_Toc414903487)

[6 User Acceptance Testing 19](#_Toc414903488)

[6.1 Test Approach 19](#_Toc414903489)

[6.2 Items to be Tested 19](#_Toc414903490)

[6.3 Test Risks/Issues 19](#_Toc414903491)

[6.4 Test Pass/Fail Criteria 19](#_Toc414903492)

[6.5 Test Entry/Exit Criteria 19](#_Toc414903493)

[6.6 Test Deliverables 19](#_Toc414903494)

[6.7 Test Suspension/Resumption Criteria 19](#_Toc414903495)

[7 References 19](#_Toc414903496)

[8 Document Revision History 20](#_Toc414903497)

[9 Appendix 20](#_Toc414903498)

1. Introduction

The purpose of this document is to give an overview of both how the Unity3D testing suite allows automated and manual test cases to be performed as well as how they specifically apply to the Unity Capstone game.

* 1. Testing Overview

The Unity Game will utilize the Integration and Assertion Test Components for test script creation and automation. Integration tests are entire GameObjects that exist in a hierarchy where each TestComponent that is a part of the GameObject is tested sequentially. Assertion Components are a code-free way of creation conditions that are always expected to be true and testing for failure, throwing an exception when a failure occurs. These two testing methods will be integrated into the various test cases and scenarios outlined in this document.

* 1. Test Flow

A test starts once the Test Object is enabled. The test may finish its run in multiple ways:

* Function Testing.Pass() is called. This will successfully finish the test
* Function Testing.Fail() is called. This will fail the test
* Execution times out. This can happen when none of the above functions is called within a specified period of time (you can set the timeout value per test).
* An unhandled exception is thrown.
* An expected exception is thrown (Expect exception must be checked)
* Every Assertion Component on objects under tests is checked at least once ( the "Succeed after all assertions are executed" option needs to be selected)
  1. Glossary

**Demo** - Playable demonstration of core gameplay mechanics

**Invariant** – Condition always expected to be true

**NPC –** Non-player character

**UI** – User interface

**HUD** – Heads-Up-Display

**GameObject** – Any hierarchical object in Unity

# Compatibility Testing

The Unity Capstone game is designed to run on personal computers using the Windows 7 or Windows 8 operating systems that have at least 4GB of RAM available to them, an Intel i3 processor, and an Intel HD 4000 series integrated graphics processor. With this combination of specifications, the Unity Capstone game should never drop below 20 frames per second using the lowest graphic quality settings allowed by the game.

* 1. Test Approach

The Unity Capstone game will be built and tested on both a Windows 7 and Windows 8 personal computer using the build settings outlined in the design document. It will have all of the game’s main assets and will be a build representative of the playable game’s final components.

* 1. Items to be Tested

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| --- | --- | --- |
| ID | Item to Test | Test Description |
| CT\_1 | Game Installation | The game player is able to successfully install the game on their personal computer. |
| CT\_2 | Game Execution | Upon successful installation, the game player is able to launch the game via the executable (.exe) by double-clicking the icon and is presented with the Splash/Loading Screen |

* 1. Test Risks/Issues

The game player must have the minimum space available on their hard drive. The exact number will be visible during the game installation process when the installer package is asking for the user to choose an install destination on their machine.

* 1. Test Environmental Needs

All testing will be completed on both a personal computer with Windows 7 as its operating system and one with Windows 8. Both machines must meet the minimum specifications outlined in this and the requirements document.

* 1. Test Pass/Fail Criteria

Test Pass when 100% of the test cases are completed and fully working on Windows 7 and Windows 8 personal computers.

Test Fail on any unsuccessful completion of the Compatibility Test Cases.

* 1. Test Entry/Exit Criteria

Entry criteria for the test entry is as follows:

* Verify the test devices are ready to use by determining that the machine has either Windows 7 or Windows 8 as the operating system.
* Confirm that the target machine matches the minimum specifications outlined in this document as well as the Requirements Document.

The exit criteria will be when all tests have been completed successfully.

* 1. Test Suspension/Resumption Criteria

As soon as any test case fails, the testing will suspend. Upon successful bug & error fixing and the test case in question is executed again without fault, the test cases will resume.

* 1. Test Cases

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| --- | --- |
| ID | CT\_1 |
| Item to Test | Game Installation |
| Pre-Conditions | All files required for game installation are present on the user’s machine  User must have the Windows 7 or Windows 8 Operating System installed on their machine |
| Test Steps | Repeat the below process for both Windows 7 and Windows 8 personal computers:   1. Locate game installer package Unity\_Game.msi 2. Double click the installer package Unity\_Game.msi 3. Choose the installation destination on the PC 4. Follow the steps presented in the installer until completion 5. Click the Finish button at the end of the installation steps |
| Expected Results | The installation package has created the game folder at the specified location via the installer package. In this game folder is the Unity\_Game.exe executable file to launch the game application. |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | If any error happens during the installation, it is considered a failure. If the game is successfully installed to the machine, it is considered to have passed. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | CT\_2 |
| Item to Test | Game Execution |
| Pre-Conditions | The game installation has been completed successfully and all of the necessary game files are present on the machine.  User must have the Windows 7 or Windows 8 Operating System installed on their machine. |
| Test Steps | Repeat the below process for both Windows 7 and Windows 8 personal computers:   1. Locate Unity\_Game.exe executable file in the game folder created during CT\_1 2. Double click the Unity\_Game.exe executable file |
| Expected Results | The Unity\_Game.exe executable file should, when double-clicked, launch the game application and the game player should see the Splash/Loading screen with the Unity logo. |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | If the game does not load after double clicking the executable, the test has failed. If the game launches successfully, then the test is considered to have passed. |

1. Functional Testing

The Unity Capstone functional requirements must all be tested before the application can be considered successful. Each functional test corresponds with at least one functional requirement outlined in the Requirements Document. Functional tests will be done using Unity’s Integration and Assertion Test tools, utilizing at least one these as the way to determine a success/fail.

* 1. Test Approach

Each functional test case will either be completed using an Integration or an Assertion Test provided in Unity’s suite of test tools. The functional tests can use either test or a mix of them based on the required functionality to test.

* 1. Items to be Tested

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| ID | Item to Test | Test Description |
| FT\_1 | Main Menu Screen | The game player is able to view and interact with the Main Menu Screen. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR4. |
| FT\_2 | Options Screen | From the main menu, the game player is able to enter the options. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR5. |
| FT\_3 | Change Resolution | From the options menu, the game player is able to change the available resolution options and see that the game responds and sizes accordingly. Ensure entrance and exit of submenu. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR6. |
| FT\_4 | Adjust Graphics Quality | From the options menu, the game player is able to change the available graphics options and see that the game graphical quality adjusts accordingly. Ensure entrance and exit of submenu. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR7. |
| FT\_5 | Adjust Brightness Level | From the options menu, the game player can adjust the brightness level using the provided slider GameObject and should see the game’s brightness adjust accordingly. Ensure entrance and exit of submenu. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR9 |
| FT\_6 | View Control Scheme | From the options menu, the game player is able to select the option to view the control scheme and is then able to see the static image depicting each available keyboard control. Ensure entrance and exit of submenu. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR10 |
| FT\_7 | View Game Credits | From the options menu, the game player is able to select the option to view the list of individuals that worked on the game. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR11 |
| FT\_8 | Start Game | From the main menu, the game player should be able to select the ‘New Game’ option and be brought to the playable game world. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR8 |
| FT\_9 | Exit to Desktop | From the main menu, the game player should be able to select the ‘Exit to Desktop’ option and the game application should terminate and return the game player to their desktop. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR12 |
| FT\_10 | Game Asset Load Test | When the game has been started by the game player, test that each required GameObject is loaded into the scene. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR13, FR14, FR16, FR17, FR18, FR19, FR21, FR30, FR38, FR39, FR40, FR41, FR42, FR43, FR44 |
| FT\_11 | Test Audio Components | When the game is begun, test to see that the game audio components have loaded in and are successfully playing. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR15 |
| FT\_12 | Control Scheme Test | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets tested in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the appropriate control scheme and controllers have been attached to the player GameObject. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR20 |
| FT\_13 | Player Movement Test | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the player GameObject is able to successfully move in the game world. This should test the appropriate animations. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR22, FR23 |
| FT\_14 | Player Attack & Block Test | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the player GameObject is able to successfully make attacks and blocks in the game world. This should test the appropriate animations and stamina losses. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR24, FR25 |
| FT\_15 | Player Health Test | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the player GameObject is able to successfully gain and lose health as well as gain health by drinking a potion. This should test the appropriate animations and HUD elements. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR26 |
| FT\_16 | Player Death | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the player GameObject will trigger the death animation and game end-game logic when the player’s health has reached zero. This should test the appropriate animations. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR27 |
| FT\_17 | Player Essence Collection | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the player GameObject will collect the essences left on the ground by a dead enemy. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR28 |
| FT\_18 | Player Climbing Test | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the player GameObject will be able to correctly interact with and climb up and down the ladder GameObject in the environment. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR29 |
| FT\_19 | Enemy Spawn Location Test | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the enemy GameObjects are spawning at the correct location. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR31 |
| FT\_20 | Enemy Combat Initiated Test | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the enemy GameObjects are successfully entering into the combat mode when the player GameObject comes within the minimum range to initiate combat. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR32. |
| FT\_21 | Enemy Combat Deactivated Test | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the enemy GameObject will discontinue the in-combat game logic and return to their spawning location after the player GameObject has left the combat range of the enemy. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR33 |
| FT\_22 | Enemy Basic Attack Test | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the enemy GameObject is successfully executing its basic attack function. This should include all corresponding animations and game logic. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR34 |
| FT\_23 | Enemy Special Attack Test | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the enemy GameObject is successfully executing its special attack function. This should include all corresponding animations and game logic. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR35 |
| FT\_24 | Enemy Death Test | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the enemy GameObject is dying when its health value reaches zero. This should include all corresponding animations and removal of the enemy GameObject. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR36 |
| FT\_25 | Enemy Essence Drop Test | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the enemy GameObject is successfully dropping the appropriate number of essences. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR37 |
| FT\_26 | Pause Game & In-Game Menu Test | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the game player is able to pause the game and enter its in-game menu by pressing the escape key. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR45 |
| FT\_27 | In-Game Menu Exit Game Prompt | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 and FT\_25 have succeeded, test to see if the in-game menu shows the pop up exit game confirmation GameObject on the screen when the game player selects ‘Exit to Desktop’ from the in-game menu. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR46 |
| FT\_28 | Main Menu Exit Game Prompt | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_1 have succeeded, test to see if the main menu shows the pop up exit game confirmation GameObject on the screen when the game player selects ‘Exit to Desktop’ from the in-game menu. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR47 |
| FT\_29 | In-Game Menu Return to Main Menu Prompt | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 and FT\_25 have succeeded, test to see if the in-game menu shows the pop up return to main menu confirmation GameObject on the screen when the game player selects ‘Main Menu’ from the in-game menu. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR48 |
| FT\_30 | Player Stamina Test | When the game has been started by the game player and the assets testing in FT\_10 have succeeded, test to see if the player GameObject is able to successfully gain and lose health as well as gain stamina by drinking a potion. This should test the appropriate animations and HUD elements. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR26 |
| FT\_31 | Puzzle Test | When the game is started, test that all tiles except the first in sequence (blue) will pop up after being stepped on. Once the blue tile is down, the yellow tile will also stay lowered when stepped on. After the last tile (brown) is pressed, the boulder will be released from its position to allow the player to proceed to the ladder. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR10 |
| FT\_32 | NPC Test | Test that the NPC will slowly rotate to face the player when within the predetermined range.  Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR38 |
| FT\_33 | NPC Chat Bubble | Test that the chat bubble is able to display specified text in a distinct order. That order is reset to the beginning if the player walks out of range, and the bubble display is disabled. Corresponding Functional Requirement: FR39 |

* 1. Test Risks/Issues

The only risks and issues for the Functional Tests are that the test machine must have the required minimum specifications as well as the Unity Test Tools installed alongside of the Unity 3D Framework. These tests are more memory intensive on the target machine than the game itself and the test user should be aware of the requirements to execute the tests.

* 1. Test Pass/Fail Criteria

The pass/fail criteria for the functional tests are as follows:

* If any assertions or integration tests fail, the test runner will continue on until a critical error is reached or the tests are finished.
* Any failed assertions or integrations will be output to the console.
* Any failed tests result in an overall fail of the functional test cases.
* If the functional tests return a failing case, further testing is suspended until the error at hand is fixed.
* After the errors have been resolved, the test runner will restart and test all components again.
* If no errors found, the functional test cases are successful.
  1. Test Entry/Exit Criteria

The criteria required for the entry/exit criteria is as follows:

* Confirm that the test environment is prepared
* Confirm that the test tools are installed to Unity
* Confirm that each integration and assertion test is in place and the corresponding GameObjects are in the scene
  1. Test Suspension/Resumption Criteria

Upon any reported failure to the console all further tests will be suspended until a proposed fix has been implemented to the code. Testing will then be resumed and the process is repeated until no errors are present.

* 1. Test Cases

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| ID | FT\_1 |
| Item to Test | Main Menu Screen |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1 & CT\_2 have been successful. The game must currently be running after having opening the executable Unity\_Game.exe |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute the test scene by pressing the Play button on the scene in the test environment. 2. Call the Start() function from the menuController script. 3. Verify that the Main Menu is on the game screen |
| Expected Results | The main menu should appear to the player. |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | If the Main Menu is not visible, the test is considered a failure. Else the test can be considered a pass. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_2 |
| Item to Test | Options Screen |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, and FT\_1 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player must be at the Main Menu |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute *OptionsPress()* function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_1. 2. Execute *BackPress()* function from the optionsCanvas Back Button script component 3. Read resulting output in console window to determine pass/fail. |
| Expected Results | Options menu shall appear then hidden and return to console window |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | Return message from Expected Results will result in a pass. Any message formatted as [“\_\_\_\_\_” not found] will result in a fail. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_3 |
| Item to Test | Change Resolution |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, and FT\_2 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player must be at the Options Menu |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute *VideoPress()* function from the optionsCanvas Video button script component. This is a part of FT\_2. 2. Execute *resolutionPress()* function from the videoCanvas Resolution Button script component 3. Execute *960x540Press()* function from the resoDrop Button script component 4. Read resulting output in console window to determine pass/fail 5. Loop for resolutions *1280x720, 1600x900, 1920x1080* using resolutionTest script |
| Expected Results | * + - 1. Video settings menu shall appear       2. Drop down menu shall appear       3. Pixel density shall change       4. Console window shall output result for corresponding resolution       5. Loop for remaining resolution settings |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | Return message from Expected Results will result in a pass. Any message formatted as [“\_\_\_\_\_” not found] will result in a fail for each loop (resolution value) |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_4 |
| Item to Test | Adjust Graphics Quality |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, and FT\_2 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player must be at the Options Menu |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute *VideoPress()* function from the optionsCanvas Video button script component. This is a part of FT\_2. 2. Execute *qualityPress()* function from the videoCanvas Quality Button script component 3. Execute *FantasticPress()* function from the qualityDrop Button script component 4. Read resulting output in console window to determine pass/fail 5. Loop for quality settings, *Fastest, Fast, Simple, Good, and Beautiful,* using qualityTest script |
| Expected Results | * + - 1. Video settings menu shall appear       2. Quality Drop down menu shall appear       3. Game quality shall change       4. Console window shall output result for corresponding quality settings       5. Loop for remaining quality settings |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | Return message from Expected Results will result in a pass. Any message formatted as [“\_\_\_\_\_” not found] will result in a fail for each loop (quality value) |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_5 |
| Item to Test | Adjust Brightness Level |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, and FT\_2 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player must be at the Options Menu |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute *VideoPress()* function from the optionsCanvas Video button script component. This is a part of FT\_2. 2. Execute *brightnessScroll()* function from the videoCanvas Brightness Scroll-Bar script component 3. Execute *dragLeft()* function from the brightness Test Script 4. Execute *dragRight()* function from brightness Test Script 5. Read resulting output in console window to determine pass/fail |
| Expected Results | 1. Video menu shall appear  2. The slider button shall change color  3. The game within the background shall decrease in brightness.  4. The game within the background shall increase in brightness. |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | Return message from Expected Results will result in a pass. Any message formatted as [“\_\_\_\_\_” not found] will result in a fail for and/or dragLeft(), dragRight() |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_6 |
| Item to Test | View Control Scheme |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, and FT\_1 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player must be at the Main Menu |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute *controlPress()* function from the Main Menu Controller script. This is a part of FT\_1. 2. Execute *BackPress()* function from the controlCanvas Back Button script component 3. Read resulting output in console window to determine pass/fail |
| Expected Results | The Controls Window shall appear and be visible to the game player. |
| Priority | Low |
| Pass/Fail | Return message from Expected Results will result in a pass. Any message formatted as [“\_\_\_\_\_” not found] will result in a fail |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_7 |
| Item to Test | View Game Credits |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, and FT\_1 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player must be at the Main Menu |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute credits*Press()* function from the Main Menu Controller script. This is a part of FT\_1. 2. Execute *BackPress()* function from the creditsCanvas Back Button script component 3. Read resulting output in console window to determine pass/fail |
| Expected Results | 1. A new *Game Credits* window shall appear  2. The *Game Credits* window shall disappear and return to main menu |
| Priority | Low |
| Pass/Fail | Return message from Expected Results will result in a pass. Any message formatted as [“\_\_\_\_\_” not found] will result in a fail |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_8 |
| Item to Test | Start Game |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, and FT\_1 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player must be at the Main Menu |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute *playPress()* from the MainMenuController script. This is a part of FT\_1 2. Read resulting output in console window to determine pass/fail |
| Expected Results | 1. The main menu scene end and the Game Scene shall start |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | Return message from Expected Results will result in a pass. Any message formatted as [“\_\_\_\_\_” not found] will result in a fail |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_9 |
| Item to Test | Exit to Desktop |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, and FT\_1 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player must be at the Main Menu or the In-Game Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute *exitPress()* from the MainMenuController script. This is a part of FT\_1 2. Execute exitGame() from the MainMenuController 3. Read resulting output in console window to determine pass/fail |
| Expected Results | * + - 1. Exit warning canvas shall appear       2. Game shall close and all related processes |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | Return message from Expected Results will result in a pass. Any message formatted as [“\_\_\_\_\_” not found] will result in a fail to corresponding function |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_10 |
| Item to Test | Game Asset Load Test |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, and FT\_8 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is part of FT\_8 2. Call AssetTest() function from AssetTest script with no arguments. 3. Read resulting output in console window to determine pass/fail. |
| Expected Results | “All Assets Loaded” returned to the console window. |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | Return message from Expected Results will result in a pass. Any message formatted as [“\_\_\_\_\_” not found] will result in a fail. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_11 |
| Item to Test | Test Audio Components |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, and FT\_8 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Call SoundTest() function from SoundTest script with no arguments. 3. Read resulting output in console window to determine pass/fail. |
| Expected Results | “All sound loaded and playing” returned to the console window |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | Return message from Expected Results will result in a pass. Any message formatted as [“\_\_\_\_\_” not found] will result in a fail. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_12 |
| Item to Test | Control Scheme Test |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Test to see if the control scheme has properly been applied to the character by calling the Start() function from the thirdPersonController script with no arguments. 3. Ensure that each control scheme has been properly matched during the run of the Start() function. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | If any message to the console window in the form of “Control \_\_ not mapped” is output, the test is considered a failure. If nothing in the console window then the test has passed. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_13 |
| Item to Test | Player Movement Test |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Reference the ThirdPersonController() script in the Assertion Test. 3. Call the Setup() function from the controller script with no arguments to initialize GameObject 4. Call the Start() function from the controller with no arguments and verify no output is sent to the console window 5. Call Update() function with no arguments to ensure animation is playing and that key presses are working correctly. There should be no output to the console window. 6. Call FixedUpdate() function with no arguments to test for animation and character position. Should run through case of “grounded” and “jumping” to make sure character is in bounds while jumping. No output to console window is expected. |
| Expected Results | No output sent to the console window. |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | Any error message in Unity’s console window is considered a failure. A blank console window is considered to be passing. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_14 |
| Item to Test | Player Attack & Block Test |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Call the Attack() and Block() function of the thirdPersonController script. 3. Ensure that each function completes successfully. If a function does not successfully finish, output a warning to the console. |
| Expected Results | No output to the console window. |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | If either the Attack() or Block() function do not complete, an error message in the form “\_\_\_\_ action failed” will be present and the test will be considered a failure. If no message, the test is a success. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_15 |
| Item to Test | Player Health Test |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Call the takeDamage() function from the thirdPersonController script with an integer value as input. 3. Verify that the health of the player drops by an amount equal to the integer value passed to the function. 4. If the amount of health depleted does not match the amount of health passed to the function, output an error message. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window. |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | If any message in the form of “Incorrect health value taken” is shown to the console window, the test is a failure. If no message returned the test is considered to be a success. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_16 |
| Item to Test | Player Death |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Execute the playerHealth() function from the thirdPersonController script with 0 as input. 3. Ensure that the player triggers the Dying() function after the playerHealth(0) function is called. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window. |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window has a report reading “Player not dead when health reaches zero” then the test is a failure. If no error message then the test is a success. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_17 |
| Item to Test | Player Essence Collection |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Call the essencePickup() function from the thirdPersonController script with no input. 3. Verify that the essence counter is increased when the essencePickup() function is called. |
| Expected Results | No output to the console window. The essence counter is incremented by one each time the function is called. |
| Priority | Menu |
| Pass/Fail | If any error message in the form “Essence Collection failed” is output to the console window, the test is a fail. If no output, the test is considered to be passing. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_18 |
| Item to Test | Player Climbing Test |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Call the climbing() function from the thirdPersonController script with either ‘up’ or ‘down’ as input when the player GameObject is in range of the ladder. 3. Ensure that the climbing() function resolves successfully and that the game player is driven up or down the ladder. |
| Expected Results | The game player should move up or down the ladder based on the input. No output should be seen in the console window. |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | If the player GameObject fails to climb or any error message reading “Failed to move Up” or “Failed to move Down” is output to the console window, the test is a fail. If no output message is present then the test is successful. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_19 |
| Item to Test | Enemy Spawn Location Test |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Call EnemyLocation() function from EnemyLocationTest() script. 3. All default enemy locations are listed in the script and will automatically will test to see if the enemy GameObjects are in one of these locations. 4. Read console output message |
| Expected Results | “All enemies are in their correct position.” |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | If any message returns to the console window in the format “Location \_\_ does not have an enemy GameObject” then the test is considered a failure. If “All enemies are in their correct position” is returned it has passed. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_20 |
| Item to Test | Enemy Combat Initiated Test |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Reference EnemyAI() script from the Assertion Test. 3. Call GetDistanceToPlayer() function with no arguments during the Update() function. 4. If ‘distanceToPlayer’ variable is ever below 0.6f, test to see if Chasing() function is called. 5. If Chasing() is ever called when the ‘distanceToPlayer’ variable is >= 0.6f, log an error message to the console. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns “Chasing out of bounds” it is a failure. If there is no output to window, it is considered a pass. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_21 |
| Item to Test | Enemy Combat Deactivated Test |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Reference EnemyAI() script from the Assertion Test. 3. Call GetDistanceToPlayer() function with no arguments during the Update() function. 4. If ‘distanceToPlayer’ variable is ever above 0.6f, test to see if Patrolling() function is called. 5. If Patrolling() is ever called when the ‘distanceToPlayer’ variable is <= 0.6f, log an error message to the console. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns “Patrolling out of bounds” it is a failure. If there is no output to window, it is considered a pass. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_22 |
| Item to Test | Enemy Basic Attack Test |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Reference EnemyAI() script from the Assertion Test. 3. Call GetDistanceToPlayer() function with no arguments during the Chasing() function. 4. If ‘distanceToPlayer’ variable is ever below 0.2f, test to see if Attacking() function is called. 5. If Attacking() is ever called when the ‘distanceToPlayer’ variable is >= 0.2f, log an error message to the console. 6. Test to see that BasicAttack() is called three times before SpecialAttack() 7. Log error to console if ‘basicAttackCounter’ variable is > 3. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns “Attacking Out of Bounds” or “Attack Counter > 3” it is a failure. If there is no output to window, it is considered a pass. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_23 |
| Item to Test | Enemy Special Attack Test |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Reference EnemyAI() script from the Assertion Test. 3. Call GetDistanceToPlayer() function with no arguments during the Chasing() function. 4. If ‘distanceToPlayer’ variable is ever below 0.2f, test to see if Attacking() function is called. 5. If Attacking() is ever called when the ‘distanceToPlayer’ variable is >= 0.2f, log an error message to the console. 6. Test to see that SpecialAttack() is called once after BasicAttack() is called three times. 7. Log error to console if SpecialAttack() is ever called before ‘basicAttackCounter’ <3 |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns “Attacking Out of Bounds” or “Attack Counter < 3” it is a failure. If there is no output to window, it is considered a pass. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_24 |
| Item to Test | Enemy Death Test |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Reference EnemyAI() script from the Assertion Test. 3. Call EnemyHealth() function from controller. 4. Test to see that EnemyDeath() function gets called when the ‘enemyHealth’ variable reaches zero. 5. Test that the animation is triggered on EnemyDeath() being called and that after the animation completes, the enemy GameObject is destroyed. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns “Enemy Died with more than 0 health” or “Animation Failed to Play” or “Enemy not Destroyed” it is a failure. If there is no output to window, it is considered a pass. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_25 |
| Item to Test | Enemy Essence Drop Test |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Reference EnemyAI() script from the Assertion Test. 3. Call EnemyDeath() function from controller. 4. Test that DropEssence() function is called at the end of the EnemyDeath() function lifecycle. 5. Verify that 5 essences are dropped when the enemy dies. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns “Essences not Dropped” it is a failure. If there is no output to window, it is considered a pass. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_26 |
| Item to Test | Pause Game & In-Game Menu Test |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Reference inGameMenuController() script from the Assertion Test. 3. Call Start() function from controller. 4. Test to see that the if(Input.GetKeyDown(KeyCode.Escape)) condition returns true when the Escape key is pressed. 5. If this function does not fire, log an error message to the console. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns “Failed to register Escape key” it is a failure. If there is no output to window, it is considered a pass. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_27 |
| Item to Test | In-Game Menu Exit Game Prompt |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, FT\_10, and FT\_26 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Reference inGameMenuController() script from the Assertion Test. 3. Call Start() function from controller. 4. Call the ExitPress() function with no arguments from the controller. 5. Verify the pop-up exit confirmation dialog window is active from the exitButton.enabled line. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns “Failed open dialog window” it is a failure. If there is no output to window, it is considered a pass. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_28 |
| Item to Test | Main Menu Exit Game Prompt |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, FT\_10, and FT\_26 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Reference menuController() script from the Assertion Test. 3. Call Start() function from controller. 4. Call the ExitPress() function with no arguments from the controller. 5. Verify the pop-up exit confirmation dialog window is active from the exitButton.enabled line. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns “Failed open dialog window” it is a failure. If there is no output to window, it is considered a pass. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_29 |
| Item to Test | In-Game Menu Return to Main Menu Prompt |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, FT\_10, and FT\_26 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Reference inGameMenuController () script from the Assertion Test. 3. Call Start() function from controller. 4. Test to see that the if(Input.GetKeyDown(KeyCode.Escape)) condition returns true when the Escape key is pressed. 5. Verify that the mainMenu.enabled = true condition is met. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns “Failed to return to Main Menu” it is a failure. If there is no output to window, it is considered a pass. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_30 |
| Item to Test | Puzzle Tiles |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, FT\_10, and FT\_26 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Reference puzzleController () script from the Assertion Test. 3. Call Start() function from controller. 4. Test that yellow and brown tiles (all except the first in sequence – blue) will pop up after being stepped on. 5. Step on the blue tile. It should stay flattened. 6. Test that the brown tile will repeatedly pop up when stepped on. 7. With the blue tile stuck down, now step on the yellow tile. It will stay flattened when stepped on. 8. Step on the last raised tile (brown), and all three tiles should stay in their lowered positions. 9. As soon as all three tiles are lowered, the boulder will be released from its position. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | High |
| Pass/Fail | Only if the tiles react as described in the test steps, and the boulder is released once all three tiles are lowered, will the test is considered passing. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_31 |
| Item to Test | NPC Character |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, FT\_10, and FT\_26 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Reference rotateNPC () script from the Assertion Test. 3. Call Start() function from controller. 4. Test that when the Player is outside the set range, the NPC character will not rotate to face the Player. 5. Test that when the Player is within the set range, the NPC character will rotate to face the player. 6. While step 5 is still true, see if when the player moves past the set range, that the NPC character stops rotating towards the Player. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Low |
| Pass/Fail | If the console output says “NPC rotator failed.”, then the test was a fail. If there is no output, then the test is considered passed. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | FT\_32 |
| Item to Test | NPC Chat Bubble |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, FT\_10, and FT\_26 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Reference rotateNPC () script from the Assertion Test. 3. Call Start() function from controller. 4. Test when the Player is outside the set range, the NPC chat bubble will not be visible. 5. Test when the Player is within the set range, the NPC chat bubble will be visible. 6. Verify that the chat bubble rotates to face the Player’s Main Camera (User controlled view). 7. Press the assigned action button to progress through the dialogue sequence. 8. If step 7 is passed, test when the player moves past the set range, that the NPC chat bubble is no longer displayed to the Player. 9. Walk back in range to see if the dialogue was reset back to the dialogue beginning. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | If the console output says “NPC chat failed.”, then the test was a fail. If there is no output, then the test is considered passed. |

1. Integration Testing
   1. Test Approach

Integration tests are designed be run in a separate scene than the main game. In the integration tests, a Test Object is a GameObject in the scene that has a TestComponent attached to it. Everything under the Test Object in the hierarchy is considered to belong to this test. Any object not under a Test object will be common for every test on the scene such as the ocean or the floor. Only one test will be active at a time1.

When the test is run, the following steps are executed:

1. Play mode is enabled
2. The first test becomes active
3. Wait until the test has finished or timeout has occurred
4. The current active test gets disabled
5. If there are more tests, enable the next test and continue from step 3
6. Report results and finish test run
   1. Test Runner Functionality

The Integration Tests will utilize Unity’s Integration Test Runner. This Test Runner will automate the execution of the testing process. The flow is as follows1:

1. Run all tests in the scene (excluding ignored tests)
2. Run selected test(s).
3. Create a new test - creates new test object on the scene
4. Options - options for working with Integration Tests
   1. Add GameObjects under selected test - when selected, when you add a new object to the scene it will be automatically placed under the test GameObject instead of the hierarchy root
   2. Block UI when running - when selected, a dialog will appear during test execution
5. Test Filter - will filter out tests where name does not contain the string
   1. Show succeeded - show tests that succeeded
   2. Show failed - show tests that failed
   3. Show ignored - show tests that are ignored
   4. Show not ran - show tests that haven’t been run
6. Test list - list of all tests available in the scene
7. Test log and exception messages
8. Test name - name of the test
9. Included platform - on what platform the test should included
10. Timeout - number of second after the test will timeout
11. Ignored - ignore the test when running all tests
12. Succeed after all assertions are executed - select if the test should finish after all assertions from Game Object in the test got checked at least once.
13. Expect exception - the test will not fail if an exception if thrown.
14. Expected exception list - a list of exception that will not fail the test when thrown. Separate the exceptions with comma (","). Derived types from types on the list will also be considered as expected. If the list is empty, any exception type will be accepted.
15. Succeed when exception is thrown - the test will succeed when one of the excepted exceptions is thrown.
16. Performance Testing

The Unity Capstone game must perform well given the minimum technical specifications outlined in section 2 of this document and the Minimum Requirements section of the Requirements document. The main thing to be tested outside of the functional requirements outlined in section 2 are the non-functional requirements as well as making sure the framerate of the game never drops below 20 frames per second on a machine with the minimum specifications.

* 1. Test Approach

Each test will be performed either as an Assertion or Integration test with some corresponding script attached to it. The script will be the main driver that outputs an error message to Unity’s console window whenever an exception has occurred or invariant has returned an undesired value.

* 1. Items to be Tested

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| --- | --- | --- |
| ID | Item to Test | Test Description |
| PT\_1 | Frames Per Second Test | The game should never drop below 20 frames per second during normal execution of the game loop. |
| PT\_2 | Item Load Benchmarks | When loading into the game from the executable, the load times of various game objects must be benchmarked and load within the desired amount of time. Corresponding Non-Functional Requirement: NFR1, NFR5 NFR6, NFR7, NFR8, NFR14 |
| PT\_3 | Menu Response Times | During the menu operations in the game, the response time between selecting various menu options should be within the desired amount of time. Corresponding Non-Functional Requirements: NFR2, NFR3, NFR4 |
| PT\_4 | Character Reaction Times | During gameplay, the player GameObject should react to happenings in the game world within the desired amount of time. Corresponding Non-Functional Requirements: NFR9, NFR10, NFR11 |
| PT\_5 | Enemy Reaction Times | During gameplay, the enemy GameObject should react to happenings in the game world within the desired amount of time. Corresponding Non-Functional Requirements: NFR9, NFR12, NFR13 |
| PT\_6 | Environment Reaction Times | During gameplay, the game world should react to happenings within the desired amount of time. Corresponding Non-Functional Requirements: NFR15, NFR16 |

* 1. Test Risks/Issues

The only risks and issues for the Performance Tests are that the test machine must have the required minimum specifications as well as the Unity Test Tools installed alongside of the Unity 3D Framework. These tests are more memory intensive on the target machine than the game itself and the test user should be aware of the requirements to execute the tests.

* 1. Test Environmental Needs

As soon as any test case fails, the testing will suspend. Upon successful bug & error fixing and the test case in question is executed again without fault, the test cases will resume.

* 1. Test Pass/Fail Criteria

The pass/fail criteria for the functional tests are as follows:

* If any assertions or integration tests fail, the test runner will continue on until a critical error is reached or the tests are finished.
* Any failed assertions or integrations will be output to the console.
* Any failed tests result in an overall fail of the functional test cases.
* If the functional tests return a failing case, further testing is suspended until the error at hand is fixed.
* After the errors have been resolved, the test runner will restart and test all components again.
* If no errors found, the functional test cases are successful.
  1. Test Entry/Exit Criteria

The criteria required for the entry/exit criteria is as follows:

* Confirm that the test environment is prepared
* Confirm that the test tools are installed to Unity
* Confirm that each integration and assertion test is in place and the corresponding GameObjects are in the scene
  1. Test Suspension/Resumption Criteria

Upon any reported failure to the console all further tests will be suspended until a proposed fix has been implemented to the code. Testing will then be resumed and the process is repeated until no errors are present.

* 1. Test Cases

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| --- | --- |
| ID | PT\_1 |
| Item to Test | Frames per Second Test |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Call Update() function from the TestFPS script each time the screen is updated. 3. Test if variable ‘currentFPS’ ever drops below 20. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns “Frames below threshold” the test is considered to have failed. Else it is a pass if the console window is blank. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ID | PT\_2 |
| Item to Test | Items Load Benchmark |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Call AssetTest() function from AssetTest script with no arguments. 3. Look for any console window output |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Low |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns any message in the format of “\_\_\_\_ has taken more than \_\_ seconds to load” the test is considered a failure. If no output the test is a success. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | PT\_3 |
| Item to Test | Menu Response Times |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, and FT\_8 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player is at a menu screen. |
| Test Steps | 1. Each time a menu item is hovered over, call menuTimer() function from the mainMenuController or inGameMenuController script based on the situation. 2. Look for any console window output |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Low |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns any message in the format of “Menu Operation took more than 2 seconds” the test is considered a failure. If no output the test is a success. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | PT\_4 |
| Item to Test | Character Reaction Times |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Each time the player GameObject takes damage, attacks, blocks, increases health via a potion, or dies, the appropriate function call will execute the beginTimer() function in the playerMovement or playerController script. 3. Test to see if each function is completed in under one second or per the time required by the design document. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns any error message, the test is a failure. Else the test is successful. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | PT\_5 |
| Item to Test | Enemy Reaction Times |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Each time the enemy GameObject takes damage, attacks, blocks, or dies, the appropriate function call will execute the beginTimer() function in the enemyMovement or enemyController script. 3. Test to see if each function is completed in under one second or per the time required by the design document. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns any error message, the test is a failure. Else the test is successful. |

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| --- | --- |
| ID | PT\_6 |
| Item to Test | Environment Reaction Times |
| Pre-Conditions | CT\_1, CT\_2, FT\_1, FT\_8, and FT\_10 must be successful. The game must be running and the game player has selected ‘New Game’ from the Main Menu. |
| Test Steps | 1. Execute EnterGame() function from the MainMenu scene. This is a part of FT\_8. 2. Each time a GameObject in the game world is interacted with by the player GameObject, the appropriate function call will execute the beginTimer() function in the appropriate GameObject controller script. 3. Test to see if each function is completed in under one second or per the time required by the design document. |
| Expected Results | No output to console window |
| Priority | Medium |
| Pass/Fail | If the console window returns any error message, the test is a failure. Else the test is successful. |

1. User Acceptance Testing
   1. Test Approach
   2. Items to be Tested
   3. Test Risks/Issues
   4. Test Pass/Fail Criteria
   5. Test Entry/Exit Criteria
   6. Test Deliverables
   7. Test Suspension/Resumption Criteria
2. References

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Doc Number |  | Doc Version | Doc Name & Location |
| 1 |  | 1 | [Integration Tests in Unity](https://bitbucket.org/Unity-Technologies/unitytesttools/wiki/IntegrationTestsRunner) |
| 2 |  | 1 | [Assertion Component](https://bitbucket.org/Unity-Technologies/unitytesttools/wiki/AssertionComponent) |
|  |  |  |  |

1. Document Revision History

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Revision | Date | Author | Changes |
| 1.1 | 3/17/2015 | Jonathan Nabors | Initial Draft |
| 1.2 | 3/23/2015 | Jonathan Nabors, Anthony Jamora, Thomas Burke | Completion of all sections for first submission |

1. Appendix

Material including referenced documentation the web or elsewhere, as well as alternative designs or items/ideas for future improvements.